

Designation: E 2073 - 02

Standard Test Method for Photopic Luminance of Photoluminescent (Phosphorescent) Markings¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E 2073; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method covers a procedure for determining the photopic luminance of photoluminescent (phosphorescent) markings. It does not cover scotopic or mesopic measurements.
- 1.2 When reference is made regarding photoluminescence in the text of this test method, it implies phosphorescence.
- 1.3 The values stated in SI units are the standard. The values given in parentheses are provided for information purposes only.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

E 284 Terminology of Appearance²

E 1316 Terminology for Non-Destructive Examinations³

E 2072 Specification for Photoluminescent (Phosphorescent) Safety Markings²

2.2 Other Standards:

Publication CIE No. 69 (1987)⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of terms in Terminology E 284 and Terminology E 1316 are applicable to this specification.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 To assess how photoluminescent markings perform under identical test conditions, the luminance shall be measured in accordance with this test method (see Specification E 2072).

5. Apparatus

- 5.1 *Illuminance Meter*—To measure the illumination of the activating light source on the surface of the photoluminescent marking, use an illuminance meter calibrated to measure illuminance in lux (fc), with the following features: spectral error, f_1' , $\leq 5\%$; UV response, u, $\leq 0.5\%$; resolution 1.0 lux; and linearity error, f_3 , $\leq 0.5\%$ (see Public. CIE No. 69).
- 5.2 Luminance Meter—To measure the photopic luminance of photoluminescent markings, use a luminance meter with the following minimum features (see Publication CIE No. 69): spectral error, f_1' , ≤ 5 %; UV response, u, ≤ 0.5 %; resolution at least 0.1 mcd/m²; linearity error, f_3 , ≤ 0.5 %; signal-to-noise-ratio: at least 10:1 for all measurements. The instrument shall have been calibrated within the preceding 12 months using photometric standards traceable to a national standards institute.

6. Sampling, Test Specimens and Test Units

6.1 *Method of Sampling*—Take a minimum of three samples. Each sample shall be of a minimum size of at least 45 mm (1³/₄ in.) in diameter. Select samples at random. If a manufacturer, samples shall be representative of the production lot, coded and identified to correspond to production batch codes, and shall be numbered consecutively. Paints shall be applied in compliance with the manufacturer's application instructions.

7. Conditioning

7.1 Precondition all test specimens by placing them in complete darkness until their residual luminance has fallen to 0.3 mcd/m² or less, tested utilizing the luminance meter specified under 5.2. Remove them immediately before performing the tests. No ambient or stray light shall be present.

8. Procedure

8.1 Ambient Conditions—The ambient temperature during darkness preconditioning of specimens, activation and luminance testing shall be $25 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ (77 $\pm 5^{\circ}\text{F}$). The relative humidity shall not exceed 60 %. All luminance testing shall be performed in a room whose ambient light level is such that the luminance of a white diffuse reflectance standard is at least one

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E 12 on Color and Appearance, and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E12.13 on Photoluminescent Safety Markings.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 06.01.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.03.

⁴ Available from the CIE-USNC Publications Office, c/o TLA Lighting Consultants. 7 Pond St., Salem, MA 01970.

decade lower than the lowest test specimen luminance measurement to be recorded.

- 8.2 Preparation of Apparatus—The luminance meter shall be zeroed prior to every measurement, then checked immediately after the measurement and the measurement shall be rejected if the zero drifted by more than 5 % of the measured value. The distance between the luminance meter and the measured test specimen, and also the aperture angle of the luminance meter, shall be chosen in such a way that 30-mm (15/16-in.) diameter of the photoluminescent test specimen, which is of at least 45-mm (13/4-in.) diameter, is evaluated.
- 8.3 Activation—Activate the photoluminescent marking specimens with a nondiffusing, unfiltered continuous short arc xenon source of light of 500 W or less for 5 min (± 10 s), providing an illumination of 1,000 lux (93 fc) ± 1 % on the marking surface. The test specimen body temperature shall not exceed 30°C 1 min after activation. No ambient or stray light shall be present during activation. Measure the activation with an illuminance meter as described in 5.1.
- 8.4 Luminance—Measure the photopic luminance of all specimens of the photoluminescent marking with a luminance meter as described in 5.2 after 10 min ± 10 s and 60 min ± 10 s.

9. Report

- 9.1 Report the following information:
- 9.1.1 Tested in accordance with ASTM Standard _____
 Issue: ,
- 9.1.2 Manufacturer of tested photoluminescent marking: [Name, Address, Phone, Fax],
- 9.1.3 Specimen description: (clear item identification to make specimens traceable to manufacturer's data sheets),
- 9.1.4 Beginning and end of conditioning: (fill in days and time),
 - 9.1.5 Date of measurement,
 - 9.1.6 Instrument parameters and photometer serial number,
- 9.1.7 Activation: (fill in minutes, type of activating light source, illuminance in lux (fc)),
 - 9.1.8 Ambient temperature and relative humidity,
- 9.1.9 Photopic luminance measurement results in reference to 8.4.
 - 9.1.10 List separately for all test specimens,
- 9.1.11 Luminance in mcd/m² 10 min after activation has
- 9.1.12 Luminance in mcd/m² 60 min after activation has ceased,
 - 9.1.13 Test performed by: (person's name, title), and
- 9.1.14 Signature: . . .; at: (describe test location) and company performing test: (full name, address, phone, fax).

10. Precision and Bias

- 10.1 Precision: Interlaboratory Test Program—An interlaboratory test method was conducted in 1998 based on previous round robin tests. There were six product samples. Three measurements on each of the samples were taken and five laboratories participated.
- 10.1.1 Samples A, D, and E were based on one type of photoluminescent pigment and Samples B, C, and F were based on another type of photoluminescent pigment.

- 10.1.2 The samples were activated using a CIE Standard Illuminant A (2856 K $\pm 20^{\circ}$ K) for 15 min, providing an illumination of 500 lux (approx. 46 fc) on the marking surface. Measurements were taken at 1, 5, 10, 30, 60, 90 and 120 min after activation had ceased.
- 10.1.3 For the sake of simplicity in the presentation of the data, only the 10 and 60-min values will be shown here. The details of the design of the experiment and the analysis of the full data are given in ASTM Research Report No. 1000.⁵
- 10.2 Test Results—The precision information given in Tables 1 and 2 is based on five laboratories, six different

TABLE 1 Afterglow Luminance Values (mcd/m²) after 10 Minutes

Materials	Average	S_r	S_R	r	R
Sample A	223.61	6.62	12.43	18.55	34.80
Sample D	139.21	1.01	7.68	2.83	21.49
Sample E	132.13	1.65	6.12	4.63	17.14
Sample B	6.43	0.13	0.54	0.36	1.51
Sample C	8.15	0.12	0.80	0.35	2.25
Sample F	8.40	0.19	0.76	0.52	2.11

TABLE 2 Afterglow Luminance Values (mcd/m²) after 60 Minutes

Materials	Average	S_r	S_R	r	R
Sample A	30.92	1.00	2.42	2.79	6.77
Sample D	23.14	0.52	1.24	1.47	3.46
Sample E	17.85	0.45	0.96	1.25	2.68
Sample B	1.24	0.02	0.09	0.06	0.27
Sample C	1.82	0.03	0.12	0.10	0.34
Sample F	1.73	0.03	0.12	0.10	0.35

materials, and three measurements for two time intervals. All laboratories conducted the same procedure on the same material.

- 10.3 Concept of r (Repeatability) and R (Reproducibility)—If S_r and S_R have been calculated from a large enough body of data, and for test results that were averages from testing the specimens, then:
- 10.3.1 *Repeatability, r*—In comparing two test results for the same material, obtained by the same operator using the same equipment on the same day, the two test results should be judged not equivalent if they differ by more than the *r* value for that material.
- 10.3.2 *Reproducibility, R*—In comparing two test results for the same material, obtained by different operators using different equipment on different days (or two different laboratories), the two test results should be judged not equivalent if they differ by more than the *R* value for that material.
- 10.3.3 Any judgement in accordance with these two statements would have an approximate 95 % probability of being correct.
- 10.3.4 The analysis of the h values showed that two of the laboratories consistently had high values. One laboratory was consistently on the positive, while the other was on the negative side. The significance of this is not known at this stage and therefore no comments can be made.

⁵ Supporting data are available at ASTM International Headquarters. Request Research Report E12-1000.



10.4 *Bias*—This test method does not have any bias because there is no accepted reference value.

11. Keywords

11.1 illuminance; luminance; photoluminescence

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